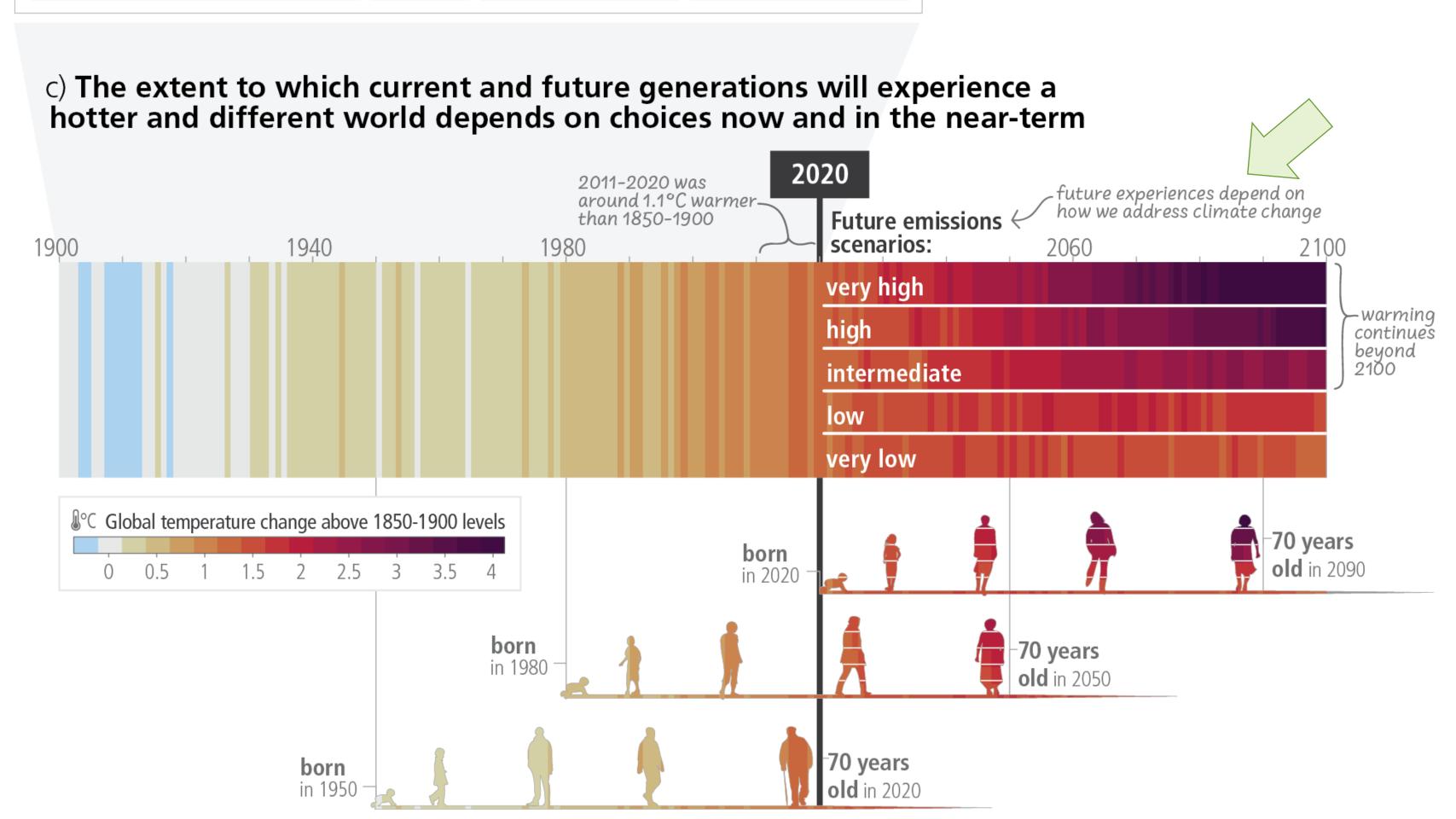


Advancing Sustainable Health Research

Talia Caplan





Why sustainable health research?

Climate change is one of the greatest health challenges today

Health research contributes to climate change:

- Labs are resource intensive: One scientist in a bioscience lab generates c.1 ton of plastic waste per year¹
- So is clinical research: estimated to be responsible for 100 million tonnes of CO2e emissions each year² ≈ one-third of the UK's annual emissions in 2021³.
- And computational research: GPT-3 produced 552 tons of CO2e to train⁴ equivalent to roughly 308 direct flights from London to Sydney⁵.



¹ Urbina, M.A., A.J.R. Watts and E.E. Reardon. 2015. 'Labs Should Cut Plastic Waste Too.' Nature 528(7583): 479–479.

² Sustainable Healthcare Coalition, https://shcoalition.org/clinical-trials/

³ https://ourworldindata.org/co2/country/united-kingdom

⁴ Patterson, David; Gonzalez, Joseph; Hölzle, Urs; Le, Quoc Hung; Liang, Chen; Munguia, Lluis-Miquel; et al. (2022). The Carbon Footprint of Machine Learning Training Will Plateau, Then Shrink. TechRxiv. Preprint. https://doi.org/10.36227/techrxiv.19139645.v4

⁵ https://travelnav.com/emissions-from-london-united-kingdom-to-sydney-australia

Advancing environmentally sustainable research

- What initiatives exist that can address the environmental sustainability of health research?
 - Measure the impact
 - Reduce the impact
- What are the challenges in implementing them?
- What are the implications for researchers, research institutions and research funders?



Desk research



Crowdsourcing



Case studies



Interviews

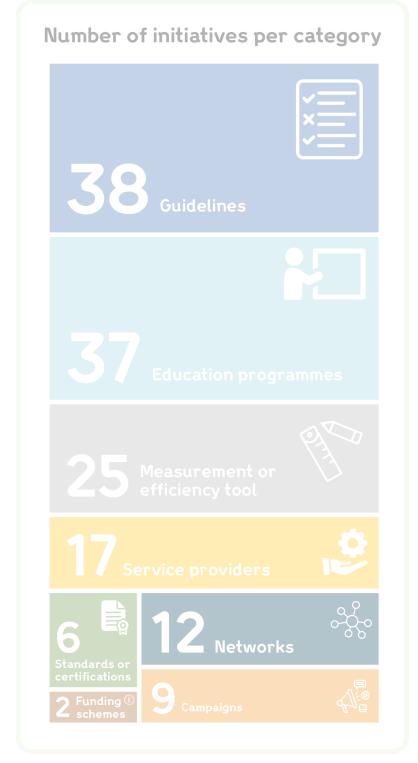


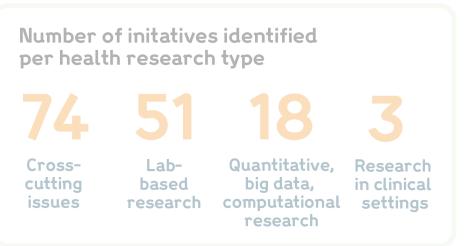
Focus groups and workshops

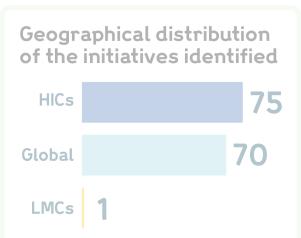
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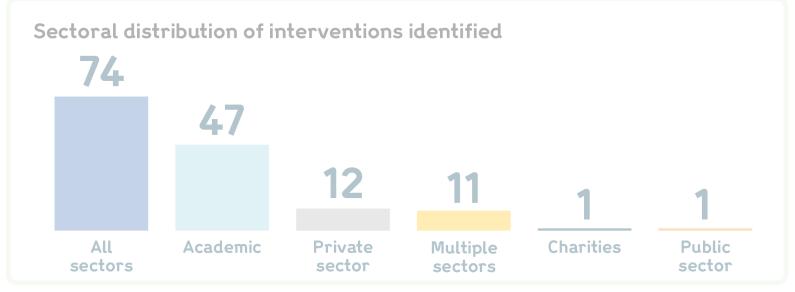
Initiatives identified

Total of 146 interventions identified across 8 categories











Gaps in existing initiatives

- Very few initiatives address clinical settings and qualitative research
- Most can only be used in high-income countries. The remaining, barring one, have the potential to be used globally (e.g. available online). Only one has been designed for LMICs.
- Limited high-quality evidence of impact
- None have been mandated by funders within their eligibility requirements

Need for more fundamental research:

- How to measure carbon emissions
- Largest origins of carbon emissions across the health system
- Sustainability of research equipment and practices







Challenges in implementation

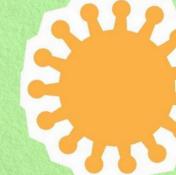
At an individual level

- Limited capacity of researchers
- Lack of funding
- Lack of training on sustainability issues and assessment
- No comprehensive repositories of information exist
- No mechanism for easy sharing of knowledge and good practice between actors
- Need to engage technicians who have relevant expertise

At a system-level

- Coordination needed to limit profusion of different standards and requirements
- Need for international cooperation given increasingly global nature of health research
- Equity to be considered to ensure institutions with fewer resources can participate effectively in initiatives









The good news

Many sustainability considerations are aligned with other priority areas:

- Reproducibility and open research
- Supportive positive and inclusive research cultures
- Equitable research
- Trustworthy data and digital technologies

Overwhelming support from grantees.

Sustainability needs to be considered a core part of conducting high-quality, ethical research



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Next steps

Keep up-to-date with our policy

Funding opportunities

 Exploring how best support this growing space – addressing some of the key gaps identified within our report.

Supporting sustainable research practices amongst grantees

- Incorporate sustainability into planned funding activities
- Support grantees already doing the work, and encourage more of it

Environmental sustainability policy for grant holders

- UKRI Environmental Sustainability in Research and Innovation Concordat
- Open access & data sharing policy
- Policy launch in early 2024

